

# Chapter 4 Review

Test on Friday, February 24!

- A wire is stretched from the top of a 200-foot broadcasting tower to an anchor making an angle of  $58^\circ$  with the ground. How long is the wire? How far is the anchor from the base of the tower?
- The sonar of a navy cruiser detects a submarine that is 4000 feet from the cruiser. The angle between the water level and the submarine is  $31.5^\circ$ . How deep is the submarine?
- Reference Angles: Find the measure of the reference angle for each angle. Your answer *must* be in radians.
  - Challenge!  $290^\circ$
  - Challenge!  $\frac{13\pi}{9}$
  - $\frac{5\pi}{3}$
  - $\frac{7\pi}{6}$
- Unit Circle: Determine the 6 trigonometric functions of each angle.
  - $\frac{5\pi}{4}$
  - $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- Unit Circle: For each problem, find two solutions of each equation. Solutions *must* be in radians.
  - $\sin\theta = \frac{-1}{2}$
  - $\tan\theta = \text{undefined}$
  - $\cos\theta = 0$
  - $\cos\theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
- Unit Circle: State the quadrant in which  $\theta$  lies
  - $\sin\theta < 0$  and  $\cos\theta < 0$
  - $\sec\theta > 0$  and  $\cot\theta < 0$
  - $\cot\theta > 0$  and  $\cos\theta > 0$
  - $\tan\theta > 0$  and  $\csc\theta < 0$
- Trigonometric Functions: Evaluate the trigonometric functions of the following.
  - $\cot\theta = \frac{-6}{11}$  and  $\sin\theta > 0$ . Find  $\sec\theta$ .
  - $\sec\theta = \frac{10}{7}$  and  $\sin\theta < 0$ . Find  $\tan\theta$ .
- Trigonometric Functions: Use the given information to determine the other five trigonometric functions.
  - $\cos\theta = \frac{-2}{3}$ ,  $\sin\theta > 0$
  - $\cos\theta = \frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \theta < 2\pi$
  - $\cot\theta = \frac{-4}{3}$ ,  $\sin\theta < 0$
- Graphing: State the amplitude, period, phase shift, and vertical shift for each function. Reminder: The phase shift cannot always be read directly from the equation!. Then, graph 2 periods of the function.
  - $f(x) = \sin 2(x + 2\pi) - 3$
  - $f(x) = 6\cos(4\theta + \frac{\pi}{3})$
  - $f(x) = -3\cos(6x + \pi)$
  - $f(x) = -2\csc(x + \frac{\pi}{2})$
  - $f(x) = 2 + \frac{1}{4}\sec(\frac{1}{2}x - \pi)$
  - $f(x) = 4\csc(\pi - x)$
- Graphing: Graph the following
  - $y = \frac{1}{2}\cot(\frac{\pi}{4}x + \frac{\pi}{4})$
  - $f(x) = \tan(2x - \pi)$
  - $f(x) = \tan(\frac{x}{2} + \pi)$
  - $f(x) = 3\cot(x + \frac{\pi}{4})$
- Inverse Trig
  - $\cos^{-1}(\tan(\frac{3\pi}{4}))$
  - $\sec[\arctan(-\frac{2}{3})]$
  - $\csc(\arctan(\frac{x}{\sqrt{7}}))$

