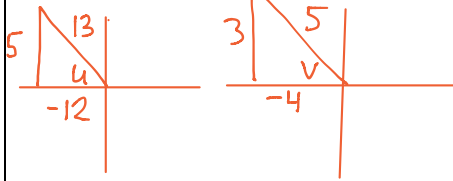


## 5.4 Practice

### Example

1a. Find the exact value of  $\cos(u+v)$  given that  $\sin u = \frac{5}{13}$  and  $\cos v = -\frac{4}{5}$ . Both  $u$  and  $v$  are in Q2.



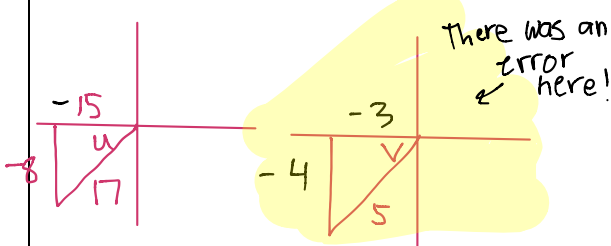
$$\begin{aligned}\cos(u+v) &= \cos u \cos v - \sin u \sin v \\ &= \left(\frac{-12}{13}\right)\left(\frac{-4}{5}\right) - \left(\frac{5}{13}\right)\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) \\ &= \frac{48}{65} - \frac{15}{65} = \boxed{\frac{33}{65}}\end{aligned}$$

### Practice

1b. Find the exact value of  $\cos(u-v)$  given that  $\sin u = \frac{5}{13}$  and  $\cos v = -\frac{4}{5}$ . Both  $u$  and  $v$  are in Q2. **BE SURE TO USE THE CORRECT FORMULA!**

$$\frac{63}{65}$$

2a. Find the exact value of  $\tan(u-v)$  give that  $\sin u = -\frac{8}{17}$  and  $\cos v = -\frac{3}{5}$ . Both  $u$  and  $v$  are in Q3.



$$\tan(u-v) = \frac{\tan u - \tan v}{1 + \tan u \tan v}$$

$$\frac{\frac{-8}{17} - \frac{-4}{3}}{1 + \left(\frac{-8}{17}\right)\left(\frac{-4}{3}\right)} = \frac{\frac{8-20}{15}}{1 + \frac{32}{45}} = \frac{\frac{-12}{15}}{\frac{45}{45} + \frac{32}{45}} = \frac{-36}{77} = \boxed{\frac{-36}{77}}$$

2b. Find the exact value of  $\tan(u+v)$  give that  $\sin u = -\frac{8}{17}$  and  $\cos v = -\frac{3}{5}$ . Both  $u$  and  $v$  are in Q3.

$$\frac{\tan u + \tan v}{1 - \tan u \tan v} = \frac{\left(\frac{8}{15}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{8}{15}\right)\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)} = \frac{84}{13}$$

3a. Find the exact value of the expression:

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$u = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad v = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\cos(u+v) = \cos u \cos v - \sin u \sin v$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{6}}{4}}\end{aligned}$$

3b. Find the exact value of the expression:

$$\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \quad \sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$\sin u \cos v - \cos u \sin v$$

$$\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{-1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

4a. Find the exact value of  $\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{12}\right)$  given that

$$\frac{11\pi}{12} = \frac{3\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$u = \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad v = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\cos(u+v) = \cos u \cos v - \sin u \sin v$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{6}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} = \boxed{\frac{-\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}}$$

4b. Find the exact value of  $\sin\left(\frac{17\pi}{12}\right)$  given that

$$\frac{17\pi}{12} = \frac{7\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin(u+v) = \sin u \cos v + \cos u \sin v$$

$$\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \frac{-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$$

5a. Find the exact value of  $\sin\left(\frac{13\pi}{12}\right)$   $u = \frac{3\pi}{4}$

Now we have to decide what 2 values on the unit circle add up to  $\frac{13\pi}{12}$

$$v = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{9\pi}{12} + \frac{4\pi}{12} = \frac{13\pi}{12}$$

$$\sin(u+v) = \sin u \cos v + \cos u \sin v$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}}$$

5b. Find the exact value of  $\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right)$

$$\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos(u+v) = \cos u \cos v - \sin u \sin v$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

6a. Find the exact value of  $\tan\left(-\frac{7\pi}{6}\right)$

We need to choose values that add or subtract to  $-\frac{7\pi}{6}$

$$\text{maybe } \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{3\pi}{2} = \frac{2\pi}{6} - \frac{9\pi}{6} = \frac{-7\pi}{6}$$

$$u = \frac{\pi}{3}, v = \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

We subtracted, so use formula for  $\tan(u-v)$

$$\frac{\tan u - \tan v}{1 + \tan u \tan v} = \frac{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \tan\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} - \text{undefined}$$

... we need to find new u and v values...

$$\frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{8\pi}{6} = \frac{-7\pi}{6}$$

$$\frac{8\pi}{6} = \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$u = \frac{\pi}{6}, v = \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{1 + \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \tan\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)}{1 + \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \tan\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \sqrt{3}}{1 + 1} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{3}}{3}}{2} = \frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$

6b. Find the exact value of  $\sin\left(-\frac{13\pi}{12}\right)$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\sin u \cos v - \cos u \sin v$$

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{-1}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \frac{-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$$